

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Recent proposals to cut federal Medicaid funding could have far-reaching implications for healthcare real estate. As providers face tighter budgets, the impact is expected to extend to outpatient site closures, delayed development projects, and increased lease restructuring activity— especially in Medicaid-dependent markets. This piece examines how these shifts may affect real estate decisions in the healthcare industry and highlights key considerations for navigating the uncertainty ahead.





INTRODUCTION

As Medicaid cuts loom, the financial strain on healthcare providers is expected to have significant implications for the real estate they occupy. A recent report by the *Washington Business Journal* outlines how proposed reductions in federal Medicaid spending could lead to service reductions, layoffs, and potential closures across hospitals and clinics, particularly those serving low-income populations. Understanding how healthcare providers might respond is essential to anticipating market shifts, occupancy risk, and long-term demand patterns.

POLICY SHIFT, PRACTICAL CONSEQUENCES

Medicaid remains the largest payer for many hospitals, outpatient clinics, and behavioral health centers. Changes to this funding source don't just affect patient access or staffing levels, they directly influence how providers plan, operate, and invest in their physical spaces.

According to the *Washington Business Journal*, DC-area hospitals and community health organizations are bracing for sharp reductions in revenue. Without adequate Medicaid funding, some safety-net providers are expected to cut services or close entirely. **The cascading effects of this policy change will likely include:**

- Postponement or cancellation of facility expansions and renovation projects
- Inability to fund tenant improvements or meet landlord buildout expectations
- Shrinking occupancy footprints, especially in leased outpatient or satellite locations
- Increased operating risk for properties located in Medicaidreliant communities

These consequences are especially relevant in a market like Washington, DC where healthcare real estate has traditionally been viewed as a stable, low-volatility asset class. Medicaid cuts challenge that assumption — particularly for smaller tenants and providers with limited liquidity.





What's at Risk in the Real Estate Portfolio?

Healthcare real estate is typically structured for long-term stability. Tenants often sign 10+ year leases with significant upfront capital investment, and buildings are customized for specific clinical uses. That model becomes vulnerable when providers face sudden revenue shocks or need to downsize quickly.

1. OUTPATIENT EXPANSION FACES **HEADWINDS**

Over the past decade, health systems have accelerated the shift from inpatient to outpatient care, often leasing space in retail corridors, suburban medical office buildings (MOBs), or mixed-use developments. Medicaid cuts put these sites at risk, especially those serving high-Medicaid populations, potentially leading to early exits or closures.

2. TENANT CREDIT AND EXPOSURE CONCERNS

Tenant credit is paramount to securing and retaining space, and Medicaid cuts could strain the financial health of many providers creating challenges in lease negotiations, space acquisition, or long-term occupancy planning.

3. STALLED DEVELOPMENT PIPELINES

New healthcare developments often rely on predictable reimbursement models to pencil out. In markets affected by Medicaid cuts, health systems and independent providers may postpone or cancel projects amid concerns about cash flow and long-term financial viability. Landlords and developers may also require stronger credit, longer lease terms, or additional guarantees, making it more difficult for providers to secure space for expansion.

4. LEGACY SPACE BECOMES HARDER TO OFFLOAD

Providers that had already been exploring ways to exit or repurpose inefficient real estate (such as aging inpatient space or oversized administrative offices) may now find it harder to execute. With more organizations downsizing at the same time, sublease markets could become saturated and landlords may be less inclined to restructure existing leases.





STRATEGIC REAL ESTATE CONSIDERATIONS FOR THE HEALTHCARE COMMUNITY

The impact of Medicaid cuts won't be evenly distributed. Large academic medical centers and private health systems may be better positioned to absorb short-term revenue losses. However, smaller tenants and nonprofit or mission-driven organizations — often located in lower-income or underserved areas — may face more immediate real estate challenges. Healthcare tenants can prepare for the policy changes by considering the following:

Perceived Occupancy Risk

Landlords and investors may reevaluate their tenant rosters and assess exposure to Medicaid-dependent operators. Market-level analysis will be key for healthcare tenants to anticipate how risky of a tenant they are perceived to be.

Lease Restructuring Requests

As providers look to control costs there will likely be a rise in renegotiation activity. Tenants may seek shorter terms, early termination clauses, rent abatements, or shared-cost buildouts.

Shifting Site Strategies

Location criteria may shift toward operational resilience rather than proximity alone, as providers may prioritize facilities in more commercially dense or better-insured areas.

Monitor Development Delays or Cancellations

When working with development partners and construction firms, prepare for shifts in project timelines, especially in community health and nonprofit sectors. Permitting activity may slow, and speculative healthcare developments could face pre-leasing challenges in affected submarkets.



WHAT'S NEXT?

Conclusions

Medicaid cuts represent more than a funding issue — they are a systemic risk that could reshape the healthcare real estate landscape in subtle but significant ways. The challenge is not just understanding the policy, but anticipating its effects on space needs, tenant behavior, and asset performance.

While the full impact of these cuts will unfold over time, the potential for disruption is real. Careful portfolio analysis, risk-based site strategy, and tenant-centric leasing approaches will be essential to navigating this new reality.





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HELPFUL LINKS

Gilgore, Sara. "Medicaid Cuts Threaten D.C.-Area Health Providers, Potentially Forcing Service Reductions and Layoffs." Bizjournals.com, July 21, 2025.

